

**Right to Information
Act, 2005**

**ADI DRAVIDAR AND TRIBAL
WELFARE (PA) DEPARTMENT,
SECRETARIAT, CHENNAI -9.**

Letter No. 14860/RTI.No.186/PA-1/2020-2, Dated: 27.10.2021.

From

Tmt. K. Thenmozhi, B.A.,
Public Information Officer/
Under Secretary to Government.

To

Ms. R. Revathy, Member,
Citizens Vigilance and Monitoring Committee,
No.6, Balaji Nagar, 2nd Main Road,
Ekkattuthangal,
Chennai - 32. (w.e)

Sir,

Sub: Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department - Prevention of Atrocities - Certain information on the implementation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act and Rule sought for under Right to Information Act 2005 - Regarding.

Ref:

1. Your representation under Right to Information Act 2005 letter R16(2)/PoA/RTI/2021/SH05, dated 24.08.2021
2. Government letter No.14860/RTI No.186/PA.1/ 2021-1, Dated 13.09.2021
3. Your Letter dated 15.10.2021 (Received in this Department on 22.10.2021).

As requested in your petition first cited, the required copies are enclosed herewith

Yours faithfully,
S/d
(K. Thenmozhi)
Public Information Officer/
Under Secretary to Government.
Dated: 28/10/2021

State Level High Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee Meeting Chaired by Honourable Chief Minister

Date: 19.08.2021

Time: 5.00 pm

**Venue: Namakal Kavignar Maligai,
10th Floor Meeting Hall**

The State Level High Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee meeting was held at 5.00 pm on 19.08.2021 under the chairmanship of Honourable Chief Minister at the Meeting Hall of the Tenth Floor at Namakkal Kavignar Maligai. The details of the members and government officials present at the meeting are attached here with.

At the meeting, the Principal Secretary to Government elaborated on the following facts through a Power Point presentation.

- Progress of registered cases as per the Adi Dravidar and Tribes (Prevention of Atrocity) Act, 1989.
- Functionality of Special Courts.
- Details of relief and rehabilitation given to the victims of atrocities.
- Activities of the Police of the Division of Social Justice and Human Rights.
- Meetings of District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committees.
- On the basic amenities being taken up in the villages where the atrocities took place.
- About vigilance activities.

The Honourable Chief Minister, who presided over the meeting, addressed that he was confident that this Government would always be supportive of the lives and economic development of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. They also made the following comments.

- First, they should get their rightful place in education and employment.
- Second, in the social system they should not be neglected under any circumstances.
- Thirdly, their development should not be hindered on the grounds of caste.
- Fourth, they must be nurtured at all levels of political, economics and education.
- Fifth, make everything available to everyone.

To achieve the above targets, the government, members of parliament, legislators, members of political parties and community organizations, government officials and the public must work.

Further, untouchability is prohibited under Article 17 of the Constitution of India. Therefore, violations of the law such as untouchability and discrimination should be punished by law. That is why, the State Level High Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee was reconstituted as soon as this Government took charge.

Out of the total financial allocation of Tamil Nadu for the year 2021-2022, Rs.3588.87 crores has been allocated for Adi Dravidar welfare schemes and Rs.543.42 crores for tribal welfare schemes. Under the Adi Dravidar sub-plan Rs. 14,696.60 crores and Rs. 1306 crores will be allocated and various welfare schemes will be implemented.

A sum of Rs. 25 crore has been earmarked for the upgradation of hostels for school and college students and Rs. 123 crore has been provided under **NABARD** Bank's financial assistance for upgrading the infrastructure facilities of additional classrooms and laboratories in Adi Dravidar Welfare Schools. Further, steps will be taken to calculate and fill up the vacancies. Tamil Nadu **Puthirai Vannar** Welfare Board and Tamil Nadu Tribal Intellectuals Council will be reconstituted.

The Honourable Chief Minister asked them to speak on the basis of one on behalf of each party. Accordingly, the following members expressed their views.

1. **Dr K. Jayakumar, Tiruvallur, Member of Parliament (Indian National Congress)**

- The Government of Tamil Nadu should make proper use of the funds of the Adi Dravidar Welfare Support Scheme.
- Vacancies should be filled up immediately.

- The percentage of punishment for those accused under the Prevention of Atrocities Act is currently very low. The police should pay extra attention to this.
- Action should be taken to run Adi Dravidar Welfare Schools through the Department of School Education rather than through the Adi Dravidar Welfare Department.

2. Mr Thol Thirumavalavan, Chidambaram, Member of Parliament, (Viduthalai Chiruthaikal Party)

- At present, the police have been delaying the filing of FIR when complaints are made by the victims of the atrocity. Police and revenue officials should not look at it as a law and order issue but from the point of view of being a victim in society. Hence, separate (Sensitization Programms) should be provided to the officers of this department.
- Special Courts and Special Police Stations should be established in all districts.
- A separate intelligence unit should be set up to deal with atrocities.
- The work of Special Prosecutors should be systematically reviewed.
- Relief should be provided properly.
- Most castes do not appeal against lower court judgements. The government should, therefore, issue appropriate orders for the police to appeal. Police should take action.
- The Honourable Supreme Court and the Honourable Chennai High Court have given directions for action to be taken in connection with the caste-based killings. The Government of Tamil Nadu should take appropriate action to implement this.
- I congratulate for appointing all castes as priests.
- The neighbouring states are providing additional financial assistance of Rs.5.00 lakh to the families of the murdered Scheduled Caste. Similarly, it should be provided in Tamil Nadu.
- In some states, the government provides two acres of land to the affected families to such castes. Similarly, it should be provided here.

3. Mr M. Selvaraj, Member of Parliament, Nagapattinam (Communist Party of India)

- Adi Dravidar School/College Hostels are being constructed in isolated places. Moreover, many of these hostels are in disrepair. These need to be maintained.
- In many places, houses for Scheduled Castes are pending for several years without being constructed. The Government should take stock of these and take steps to construct them on priority basis.
- Formulate and implement appropriate schemes through TADCO to enable scheduled tribes for starting business.
- The relief provided to the victims of atrocities should be increased. A minimum of Rs.2.00 lakhs to a maximum of Rs.20.00 lakhs should be provided.

4. Mr M. Chinnadurai, Gandharvakottai, Member of Legislative Assembly (Communist Party of India (Marxist))

- In many cases the trial is not completed within 60 days.
- Relief, employment opportunities and houses should be constructed for the victims.
- The State Adi Dravidar Welfare Commission should be constituted.
- A law must be enacted to implement the Adi Dravidar(Special Component Plan) as in Andhra Pradesh.
- Steps should be taken to increase the quota currently being provided to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes in education and employment to 21 percent.
- Land titles should be issued to the Scheduled people who reside on government-owned uncultivated lands.
- Ensure that tribal people are given their rights under the Forest Rights Act.

5. Mr D.K. Amul Kandasamy, Member of Legislative Assembly Valparai (ADMK)

- The Atrocities Act must be implemented properly.
- The police should conduct a thorough investigation and provide adequate protection to the victims.

6. Mr A. Raja, Member of Parliament Nilgiris (DMK)

- The intelligence wing of the police should pay attention to atrocities against scheduled castes.

- The government may issue orders requiring special advocates appearing under the Prevention of Atrocities Act to be members of the Scheduled Castes only.
- Under this Act, Special Police Stations shall be established.
- The Honourable Chief Minister should give awards to the Police Officers who handled these cases exceptionally well, and departmental disciplinary action should be initiated against those who did not act perform well.
- Special Officers shall be appointed to review the status of atrocities cases at the regional level.

7. Mr T. Sathan Thirumalai Kumar, Legislative Member of Vasudevanallur (MDMK)

There is only a common cemetery for all communities in his hometown. Similarly, appropriate steps shall be taken to create such an atmosphere across the state.

8. Mr M. Jagan Murthy, Legislative Member of Keezhvaithnankuppam (Puratchi Bharatham)

- Police fail to register complaints properly lodged under the Prevention of Atrocities Act.
- An exclusive law should be enacted to prevent honor killings.
- Some of the long pending cases registered with the police should be withdrawn.
- In a few places, Panchayat leaders of the Scheduled Castes have difficulty hoisting the flag during Independence Day celebrations. To eliminate these, action must be taken.

Reply of the Honourable Chief Minister

The issues and demands raised at this meeting will be reviewed and considered and make announcements on the likely categories during the grant request of the Adi Dravidar and Tribal Department.

Vote of Thanks by the Chief Secretary

The Chief Secretary made a brief list of the demands they had raised at the meeting. He recalled that during his tenure as District Collector during 1997-98, the abolition of the double tumbler system was abolished as it was being reviewed regularly under the guidance of the then Honourable Chief Minister, during which a development fund of Rs.1 lakh was given to villages with egalitarian burial grounds. The Chief Secretary thanked all those who participated in the meeting.

**K. Manivasan,
Principal Secretary to Government.
S/d
Section Officer
(Dated 27.08.2021)**

//True copy//

Appendix

| S. No | Gentlemen | Chairman/Members |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | Honourable Chief Minister | Chairman |
| 2. | Honourable Minister of Finance and Human Resource Management | Member |
| 3. | Honourable Minister of Adi Dravidar Welfare | Member |
| 4. | Honourable Minister of Labour Welfare and Skills Development | Member |
| 5. | Honourable Minister of Tourism | Member |
| 6. | Mr P. Selvarasu, Member of Parliament(DMK) | Member |
| 7. | D. K. Jeyakumar, (Congress) Member of Parliament, Tiruvallur Constituency | Member |
| 8. | Mr G. Selvam , (DMK) Member of Parliament, Kancheepuram Constituency | Member |
| 9. | Mr D. Ravi Kumar(VCK) Member of Parliament, Vilupuram Constituency | Member |
| 10. | Mr A. Raja, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Nilgiris Constituency | Member |
| 11. | Mr Thol Thirumavalavan, (VCK) Member of Parliament, Chidamparam Constituency | Member |
| 12. | Mr M. Selvaraj, (CPI) Member of Parliament, Nagapattinam Constituency | Member |
| 13. | Mr S. Ambedkumar, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Vanthavasi Constituency | Member |
| 14. | Mrs V. Amulu, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Gudiyatham Constituency | Member |
| 15. | Mr T.K. Amul Kandasami, (ADMK) Member of Parliament, Valparai Constituency | Member |
| 16. | Mr P. Arjunan, (ADMK) Member of Parliament, Tindivanam Constituency | Member |
| 17. | Mr M.P. Giri, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Sengam Constituency | Member |
| 18. | Mr A. Krishnasamy, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Poonamallee Constituency | Member |
| 19. | Mr M. C. Shanmugaiah, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Ottapidaram Constituency | Member |
| 20. | Doctor T. Sadhan Thirumalaikumar, (MDMK) Member of Parliament, Vasudevanallur Constituency | Member |
| 21. | Mr Durai Chandrasekhar, (CPI) Member of Parliament, Ponneri Constituency | Member |
| 22. | Mr V. Sampathkumar, (ADMK) Member of Parliament, Aroor Constituency | Member |
| 23. | Mr K. S. Saravanakumar, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Periyakulam Constituency | Member |
| 24. | Mr M. Sinthanai Selvan, (VCK) Member of Parliament, Kattumannarkoil Constituency | Member |
| 25. | Mrs K. Sivagama Sundari, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Krishnarayapuram Constituency | Member |
| 26. | Mr P. Sivakumar (Alias) Thayagam Kavi, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Thiru-Vi-Ka-Nagar Constituency | Member |
| 27. | Mr M. Chinnadurai, (CPM) Member of Parliament, Gandarvakottai Constituency | Member |

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 28. | Mr M. Senthilkumar, (ADMK) Member of Parliament, Kallakurichi Constituency | Member |
| 29. | Dr Govi. Chezhaan, (DMK) Chief Government Whip, Member of Parliament, Thiruvudaimarudur Constituency | Member |
| 30. | Mr K. Selvaperunthagai, (Congress) Member of Parliament, Sriperunbudur Constituency | Member |
| 31. | Mrs A. Tamilarasi, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Manamadurai Constituency | Member |
| 32. | Mr V. P. Nagaimaali, (CPM) Member of Parliament, Keelvelur Constituency | Member |
| 33. | Mr E. Paranthamen, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Egmore Constituency | Member |
| 34. | Mr M. Panneerselvam, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Sirkhazhi Constituency | Member |
| 35. | Mr M. Babu, (VCK) Member of Parliament, Cheyyur Constituency | Member |
| 36. | Mr M. Prabhakaran, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Perambalur Constituency | Member |
| 37. | Mr K. Ponnusamy, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Senthamangalam Constituency | Member |
| 38. | Mr K. Marimuthu, (CPI) Member of Parliament, Thiruthuraiipoondi Constituency | Member |
| 39. | Mr S. Murugesan, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Paramakudi Constituency | Member |
| 40. | Mr E. Raja, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Sankarankoil Constituency | Member |
| 41. | Mr A. Venkatesan, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Sholavandan Constituency | Member |
| 42. | Mr M. Jegan Moorthy, (Puratchi Bharatham) Member of Parliament, Keezhvaithiyankuppam Constituency | Member |
| 43. | Mr Pon. Jeyaseelan, (ADMK) Member of Parliament, Gudalur Constituency | Member |
| 44. | Mr S. Stalinkumar, (DMK) Member of Parliament, Thuraiyur Constituency | Member |
| 45. | Mr V. Irai Anbu, (IAS) Chief Secretary | Member |
| 46. | Mr C. Sylendra Babu, (IPS) Director General of Police | Member |
| 47. | Mr S. Krishnan, (IAS) Additional Chief Secretary, Department of Finance | Special Invitee |
| 48. | Mr S.K Prabakar, (IAS) Additional Chief Secretary to Government | Member |
| 49. | Dr. K. Manivasan, (IAS), Principal Secretary to Government, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department | Convener |
| 50. | Dr. D. Jaganathan, (IAS) Secretary to Government | Special Invitee |
| 51. | Mr H. M. Jeyaram, (IPS), Additional Commissioner of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights | Special Invitee |
| 52. | Dr. Lalit Latta Director, National Commission for Scheduled Tribes | Member |
| 53. | Mrs. S. Madhumathi, (IAS) Commissioner Adi Dravidar Welfare | |
| 54. | Mr S. Palanisamy, (IAS), Joint Secretary, | |

| | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department | |
| 55. | Mr K. Vivekanandan, (IAS) Managing Director, TAHDCO | |
| 56. | Mr V. C. Rahul, I.F.S. Director, Tribal Welfare Department | |
| 57. | Mr S. Lister Senior Investigator State Office of the National Adi Dravidar Commission | |
| 58. | Mr P. Ramasamy, Adviser, State Office of the National Adi Dravidar Commission | |

Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department

High level State Vigilance and Monitoring Committee Meeting
Held under the Chairmanship of
Honourable Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu

Date: 17/08/2021
Time: 5.00 p.m.

Venue: Namakkal Kavignar Maligai,
10th Floor, Chennai-9

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Discussion of facts during the meeting of High Level State Vigilance and Monitoring Committee Meeting

Introduction

The Union Government has enacted the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955, 1989 The Adi Dravidar and Scheduled Castes (Prevention of Atrocities Act, 2015), Prevention of Atrocities Rules, 1995 and Amendment Rules, 2010 and 2018 to prevent untouchability and atrocities against Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The Government of Tamil Nadu is taking various steps to remove injustices against Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes through the implement this Act effectively in an avid manner.

1. State Level Monitoring Committee

The Government of Tamil Nadu, under the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and the Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989, rules 1995 and amendment rules, 2016, rule 16 and amendment rules 2018, and Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department G.O.Ms.No.56, No.56, No.20.07.2021 (copy attached), has reconstituted the high level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee under the leadership of Honourable Chief Minister with Honourable Ministers of Finance, Adi Dravidar Welfare, Labour Welfare and Skill Development, and Tourism and the MPs and MLAs of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as members.

State Level High Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee meetings have been held on 25.06.2013 and 08.09.2020 in the past years.

2. Objectives of this Committee

- I. Review of implementation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities Amendment Act, 2015)
- II. Establishing the right to justice for the inflicted and witnesses
- III. Details of assistance, rehabilitation and assistance to victims of abuse.
- IV. Review of cases filed under this Act.
- V. Role and function of various officers and bodies implementing this Act.
- VI. Various reports received by the State Government.
- VII. Review of the rights of victims of atrocities in respect of Section 15A (11) of Chapter IV-A of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities Amendment Act, 2015).

3. Facts:

Subject-1

Implementation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989 and Amendment Act, 2015).

- Complaints received under the Prevention of Atrocities Act are recorded as FIR.
- The Investigating Officer of these cases is the Deputy Superintendent of Police and Assistant Commissioner of Police.
- The court hearing on these cases is conducted by Exclusive Special Courts.

I. Status of murder/rape (including POCSO) and arson cases

| S. No. | Nature of crime | 2019 | 2020 | 7/2021 |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | Murder | 65 | 83 | 42 |
| 2 | Rape | 13 | 6 | 4 |
| 3 | POCSO Act | 110 | 156 | 75 |
| 4 | Arson (Arson-IPC Section 436) | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| 5 | Attempted murder (307 IPC) | 68 | 77 | 34 |
| 6 | The Atrocities Act, 1989 or 3(1)(r) or 3(1)(s) | 941 | 1070 | 583 |
| 7 | Other sections of the Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989 | 62 | 43 | 80 |
| | Total | 1264 | 1436 | 820 |

II. Progress of cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

| Year | Number of cases | | | | | | | | | Punishment percentage |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Pending at an early stage | | Registered | Completed after investigation DLVMC | Charge sheet filed | Punished | Acquittal | Final pending | | |
| | Investigation (Under Investigation) (Police Department) | Judicial Inquiry (Pending trial) (Court) | | | | | | Investigation (Under Investigation) (Police Department) | Judicial Inquiry (Pending trial) (Court) | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | |
| 2019 | 426 | 4594 | 1264 | 291 | 1072 | 72 | 658 | 327 | 4936 | 9.86% |
| 2020 | 327 | 4936 | 1436 | 281 | 1002 | 54 | 424 | 480 | 5460 | 11.88% |
| 7/2021 | 480 | 5460 | 820 | 127 | 586 | 38 | 256 | 587 | 5752 | 12.92% |

Note: (a) Total investigation cases 587
(b) Total judicial trial cases 5752

III. Status of murder cases registered under The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

| Year | Number of Murder cases | Investigation | Judicial Inquiry | Error considering | Acquittal | Punished |
|--------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2019 | 65 | - | 62 | - | 2 | 1 |
| 2020 | 83 | 3 | 78 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 7/2021 | 42 | 20 | 21 | - | 1 | - |
| Total | 190 | 23 | 161 | - | 4 | 2 |

IV. Status of rape and POCSO cases registered under section 1989 of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

| Year | Number of Rape cases | Investigation | Error considering | Judicial Inquiry | Acquittal | Punished |
|--------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2019 | 123 | - | 3 | 100 | 19 | 1 |
| 2020 | 162 | 6 | 3 | 152 | 1 | - |
| 7/2021 | 79 | 33 | 1 | 45 | - | - |
| Total | 364 | 39 | 7 | 297 | 20 | 1 |

V. Status of cases Arson (arson atrocity) under section 1989 of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

| Year | Number of cases | Investigation | Error considering | Judicial Inquiry | Acquittal | Punished |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2019 | 5 | - | 3 | 2 | - | - |
| 2020 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 7/2021 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Total | 8 | 1 | 3 | 4 | - | - |

VI. Cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 due to issues arising out of inter-caste marriage

| Year | Number of cases | Investigation | Error considering | Judicial Inquiry | Acquittal | Punished |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2019 | 49 | 1 | 10 | 36 | 2 | - |
| 2020 | 37 | 1 | 9 | 26 | 1 | - |
| 7/2021 | 22 | 7 | 6 | 9 | - | - |
| Total | 108 | 8 | 25 | 71 | 3 | - |

VII. Cases of murder registered under the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 due to issues arising out of inter-caste marriage

| Year | Number of cases | Investigation | Error considering | Judicial Inquiry | Acquittal | Punished |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2019 | 4 | - | - | 3 | 1 | - |
| 2020 | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| 7/2021 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Total | 8 | - | - | 6 | 2 | - |

Subject-2

Exclusive Special Courts:

- Since 1981, there have been only 6 Special Courts functioning in Trichy, Thanjavur, Madurai, Tirunelveli, Villupuram and Sivagangai districts.
- During the period 2016-2017 to 2019-2020, 8 Special Courts have been established for Dindigul, Ramanathapuram and Virudhunagar districts at Srivilliputhur and Pudukottai, Cuddalore, Namakkal, Theni and Tiruvannamalai districts. In addition, 4 more Special Courts have been established in Perambalur, Vellore, Thoothukudi and Kanniyakumari districts. At present, 17 Special Courts are functioning.
- Further, orders are to be issued for the formation of 4 Special Courts in 4 Districts viz., Kancheepuram, Tiruppur, Thiruvavur and Coimbatore.
- The existing courts in other districts have been empowered to hear these cases.
- 32 Special Prosecutors are appointed and are in charge.

Subject-3

Rehabilitation and details of those who have been victims

- The District Collector provides relief to the victims of atrocities as per rule 12(4) of the Prevention of Atrocities Rules.
- This assistance ranges from a minimum of Rs. 85,000/- to a maximum of Rs. 8,25,000/-.

| Financial year | Funds allocated (Rs crores) | Amount of relief given (Rs crores) | Number of individuals and beneficiaries |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 2011-2012 to 2016-2017 | 46.84 | 46.34 | 9342 |
| 2017-2018 to 2019-2020 | 63.93 | 63.27 | 6321 |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 2020-2021 | 42.53 | 42.49 | 3940 |
| 2021-2022 to (31.07.2021) | 30.00 | 8.66 | 1122 |

As laid down in Rule 12(4) of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989), relief assistance on other rehabilitation such as government jobs, pensions, housing etc. Is also provided to the families of victims of crimes like murder, death and sexual harassment as per rules.

Subject-4

Role and work of various officers and organizations implementing this Act and various reports received by the State Government.

- The head office of Social Justice and Human Rights, one Deputy Inspector General of Police, one Assistant Inspector General of Police, Deputy Chief of Police and an Assistant Chief of Police headed by the Additional Director of Police, is functioning to oversee the implementation of the Act.
- 38 Deputy Superintendents of Police/Assistant Commissioners are monitoring the implementation of these Laws. They work directly under City Police Commissioners and District Superintendents of Police in the Cities and districts.
- According to Rule 17 of the Act, a District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee shall be constituted with the District Collector as Chairperson and the meeting should be convened 4 times a year. This committee examines the implementation of this Act.
- The State Level Law and Order Meeting was last convened on 27.05.2021 under the Chairmanship of the Chief Secretary and discussed issues relating to atrocities. It has been requested to conduct the District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee meeting four times a year under the Chairmanship of the District Collector and send report to the Government.
- A monthly meeting is convened under the chairmanship of the Secretary of the Department to review cases of violence related to PoA and the disbursal of relief.
- Further, all the District Collectors have been advised to convene a meeting of the Sub-Divisional Vigilance and Monitoring Committee and send its report to the Government.
- The details of the crimes that occur on a daily basis are received as a daily report from the Director of Police and reviewed.

Details of the Committee meetings held

| Year | Number of meetings |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 2019 | 63 |
| 2020 | 63 |
| 2021 till (7/2021) | 25 |

Subject-5

Basic Amenities and Vigilance Services

*G.O.Ms.No.108, Rural Development and Panchayat Raj Department, dated 10.06.2020 has been ordered to give priority to the villages. Where atrocities occurred while improving basic amenities in Adi Dravidar habitations and basic amenities should be taken up. Following this scheme, a sum of Rs.100 crores has been allocated annually for Adi Dravidar habitations under special scheme. During the year 2020, 449 villages in Tamil Nadu have been identified as villages where atrocities occurred.

*Humanism Week is celebrated in all districts from January 24 to 30 every year to create awareness among the people against untouchability. A sum of Rs. 50, 000 at district level Rs.1,00,000 at state level is allocated for conducting this festival.

*Inter-caste dining (Samabandhi Bojanam) are organized every year on January 26, August 15 and October 2 and other important local holidays. A sum of Rs.5000/- is provided to each district, except Chennai, every year.

*Archery (Villupattu) is being carried out through folk artists to mobilise public opinion against untouchability. A sum of Rs.6000/- is provided to each district except Chennai every year.

*In all the districts of Tamil Nadu except Chennai, a village has been selected that got rid of untouchability and the people are living in harmony. To provide basic facilities to such villages, Rs.360.00 lakhs is provided to 36 villages at the rate of Rs.10.00 lakhs every year to provide basic amenities to the village.