



GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

Annual Report on the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

(Prevention of Atrocities Act) 1989

for the calendar year 2019

ADI DRAVIDAR AND TRIBAL WELFARE DEPARTMENT,

Secretariat, Chennai.600 009.



APPENDIX

THE SCHEDULED CASTES AND THE SCHEDULED TRIBES
(PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT, 1989

SYNOPSIS

FOR THE PREPARATION OF MATERIAL FOR INCORPORATION IN
THE ANNUAL REPORT TO BE PREPARED BY THE CENTRAL
GOVERNMENT FOR BEING PLACED IN PARLIAMENT

AS PER SECTION 21 (4) OF THE ACT

1. Overview of the status of offences of atrocities against members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the State, and of the steps taken by the State Government/Union Territory Administration towards implementation of the PoA Act as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Act, 2015 (No.1 of 2016) enforced with effect from 26.01.2016 .
 - (i) The Additional Director General of Police, Deputy Inspector General of Police and the Assistant Inspector General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights, Chennai monitor the enforcement of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 cases, the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and also supervise the functioning of the Social Justice and Human Rights Units. It also acts as a Protection Cell to the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes. The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 is being enforced by all the Police Stations in Tamil Nadu and monitored by 31 Deputy Superintendents of Police in 31 Districts and 7 Assistant Commissioners of Police in 7 Cities. One Statistical Inspector is attached to each Unit for collection of statistical information concerning the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989. Statistical Inspector is being assisted by the staff of Social Justice and Human Rights Units.
 - (ii) Investigating Officers are registering cases freely on the complaint of members of SC/ST as many as 1264 cases were reported in the year 2019. In all the districts fortnightly awareness camps / meeting are conducted to create awareness among public about SCs/STs (PoA) Act, 1989. Monetary relief is being given promptly to the victims.

(iii) **Line of investigation**

Comprehensive memorandums on the line of investigation in important and sensitive cases are being issued by the headquarters of Social Justice and Human Rights to the Investigating Officers and the Commissioners of Police / Superintendents of Police for effective follow-up action thereby enhancing the probability of successful prosecution.

2. Legal aid and other facilities provided to persons subjected to atrocities to enable them to avail themselves of justice (Ref: Section 21{(2)(i)} of the Act).

The District Collectors have been instructed to utilize the funds provided under "Free Legal Aid Scheme" vide (G.O (Ms.) No.373, Home (Court. I) Department, dated 09.03.95) for those who requested for the Free Legal Aid.

All cases requesting free legal aid are brought under Free Legal Aid Scheme, implemented through the Tamil Nadu Legal Services Authority, throughout the State.

3. Registration of cases as per provisions of the amended PoA Act. (Ref: Section 3 of the Act as amended).

As many as 1264 cases were registered under the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 in the year, 2019.

4. Specification of an appropriate Scheme to ensure implementation of the rights and entitlements of victims and witnesses in accessing justice. (Ref: Section 15A(11) of the Act).

The Rights and entitlements of victims and witnesses in accessing justice as specified in Sub-section (11) of Section 15A of Chapter IVA of the Act are complied with in each case registered under this Act in letter and spirit. Order were issued specifying the appropriate scheme in G.O.(Ms).No.91, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department, dated: 04.09.2020.

5. Travelling and maintenance expenses paid to witnesses, including the victims of atrocities, during investigation and trial of offences under the Act. (Ref: Section 21{(2)(ii)}of the Act as amended).

The Government in G.O. Ms. No. 32, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (1) Department, dated 27.05.2016 have created a Head of Account and allotted Rupees 10 Lakhs as the expenditure of TA/ DA/BATTA to the SC/ST victims and the Witnesses of atrocity cases and the same has to be disbursed through Commissioners of Police in Cities and Superintendents of Police in Districts instead of District Collectors. Accordingly, the amount of Rs.10 Lakhs has been distributed to all Commissioners of Police in Cities and Superintendents of Police in Districts. Further, the Government have sanctioned Rupees 10 Lakhs in the Budget Estimate 2019-20 as the of TA/ DA/BATTA to the SC/ST victims and the Witnesses of atrocity cases and the same has been distributed to all Commissioners of Police in Cities and Superintendents of Police in Districts.

6. Investigation of the case and filing of charge sheet within sixty days (Ref: Rule 7(2) of the PoA Rules as amended).

As per the amended Rules the steps are being taken to file charge sheet within sixty days.

7. Relief and rehabilitation of victims of atrocities :

As per Rule 12(4) of the Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules, 1995 and the amendment Rules 2016, the relief measures have to be provided to the victims of atrocities within **seven** days from the date of crime. Accordingly, for the heinous crimes such as murder / rape etc., the prescribed compensation amount and the provision of pension are being sanctioned to the victims / families of victims within a stipulated time. In some cases, awarding compensation may get delayed since legal procedures have to be followed. Regarding provision of other additional relief measures such as employment, agricultural land, house etc., it is not feasible for this State Government to stick to the prescribed time limit since, the identification of land for housing and agriculture involves certain administrative procedures and practical difficulties. However steps are being taken to minimize the time taken for providing the aforesaid additional measures by issuing suitable

instructions to the police officials and District administration for the expeditious action. In order to minimize the time limit for sanctioning relief to the victims of atrocities, the District Magistrates have been authorized for the immediate withdrawal of money from the treasury.

(Ref: Section 21(2)(iii) of the Act read with Rule 12(4) and Rule 12(4A) of the PoA Rules, 1995 as amended)

In the year 2019, proposals for a sum of Rs.22.50 crores for 2219 victims in the 1369 cases were sanctioned.

8. Officers appointed for initiating or exercising supervision over prosecutions for contravention of the provisions of the Act: Setting up of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell (Ref: Section 21 (2)(iv) of the Act read with Rule 8 of the Prevention of Atrocities Rules, 1995).

Director of prosecution and district Collectors are supervising Special Public Prosecutors who are conducting trials. Deputy Superintendents of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights / Investigating Officers are following Court Trial.

32 posts of Special Public Prosecutors were sanctioned for conducting the prosecution of cases in the Special Courts / Designated Courts in the Districts.

9. Constitution and frequency of meetings of State, District and Sub-Divisional Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committees and review of implementation of the provisions of the PoA Act, Scheme for the rights and entitlements of victims and witnesses in accessing justice as specified in sub-section (ii) of Section 15A of Chapter IVA of the Act, relief and rehabilitation of atrocity victims, prosecution of cases and review of various reports received by the State Governments / UT Administrations. (Ref: Section 21(2)(v) of PoA Act read with Rule 16, 17 & 17A of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended).

State Level High Power Vigilance and Monitoring Committee

As per G.O (Ms). No. 113, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department dated 23.09.2019, the State Level High Power Vigilance and Monitoring Committee has been

formed under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu. The State Level High Power Vigilance and Monitoring Committee was last conducted on 08.09.2020.

District Level Vigilance & Monitoring Committee

In G.O.(Ms)No.33, AD&TW, Dated 22.02.1996, orders have been issued for the constitution of District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee as stipulated in Rule 17(1) of Scheduled Castes /Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rule 1995. Accordingly, the District Collectors have constituted the committee in all the Districts. Strict instructions have already been issued by the Government to all the District Collectors to conduct District Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee meeting at least once in three months to review the implementation of the provisions of the Act, relief and rehabilitation facilities provided to the victims and discuss other matters concerned with prosecution of cases. The regular conduct of the meeting by the District Collectors are being monitored during the Law and Order meeting conducted by the Chief Secretary to Government. During the year 2018, most of the Districts have conducted the committee meetings in all the 3 quarters. The District Collectors who have conducted 2 or 3 meetings have been instructed to conduct the meetings regularly and the situation is improving in the year 2019.

Sub-Division Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee

In G.O.(Ms) No.6, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department dated 20.01.2015, orders were issued to all the District Collectors to constitute Sub-Divisional Level Vigilance and Monitoring Committee in their respective revenue divisions. The Committees have been constituted in 6 districts and strict instructions have been issued to constitute the committee in the remaining districts so as to conduct the meetings as stipulated in Rule 17(A) of Scheduled Castes of Scheduled Tribes (POA)Rule 1995. The conduct of above meetings are also being monitored regularly.

10. Periodic Survey conducted on the working of the provisions of the PoA Act (Ref: Section 21(2)(vi) of the Act)

2 types of survey are conducted by Social Justice and Human Rights unit.

(a) Identification of Atrocity Prone Village and Dormant Atrocity Prone Village.

- (i) The identification of the areas where persons are under any disability arising out of “untouchability” and adoption of such measures as would ensure the removal of such disability from such areas as per Section-15A(2)(vi) of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and
- (ii) Atrocity Prone Areas are identified as per Section-17 and Section-21(2)(vi) and (vii) of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 and Rule-15(1)(i) of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules, 1995.

(b) To identify Infrastructural requirements in Atrocity Prone Village and Dormant Atrocity Prone Village.

In Tamil Nadu, as many as 322 villages have been identified as Atrocity Prone villages and 314 villages have been identified as “Dormant” Villages in the year, 2019. The requirements of basic amenities like drinking water facilities, street light facilities, burial ground facilities, pathway to burial ground, road facilities, school facilities, medical facilities, housing facilities, toilet facilities, community

hall, play ground, child care centre, park and other requirements have to be made available in Atrocity Prone villages and Dormant villages. The identification of Atrocity Prone Villages has been done by the DSP, Social Justice and Human Rights along with Statistical Inspectors concerned based on the cases reported in last 3 years.

After identification of the villages, enumeration has been done and necessary infrastructure required for the Atrocity Prone Village was drawn by the Social Justice and Human Rights Unit every year. Accordingly based on the statistics collected by the SJ&HR staffs for the year 2018, a survey report was prepared and furnished to the Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Adi-Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department in the year 2019. The Government on perusal of the same had allotted **Rs.100 Crores each for the year 2018-2019** in G.O. (Ms) No. 67 Rural Development and Panchayat Raj (PR.3) Department dated:04.06.2019 **and for the year 2019-2020** in G.O. (Ms) No. 133 Rural Development and Panchayat Raj (PR.3) Department dated:18.09.2019 for the purpose of infrastructural improvements in the listed "Atrocity Prone Villages".

11. Areas identified where members of SCs and STs are likely to be subjected to atrocities and measures adopted to ensure their safely (Ref: Section 21(2)(vii) of the Act).

Social Justice Meeting:- (Fortnightly)

All DSPs / ACPs of Social Justice and Human Rights Unit were instructed by the Additional Director General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights vide message dated 20.02.2019 to visit Atrocity Prone Villages and organize a meeting with all Community Leaders / Members and discuss issues relating to welfare and upliftment of members of SC/ST Communities. They shall also attempt to resolve any standing trivial conflicts among the Communities. Accordingly the DSPs / ACPs are conducting the Awareness Programmes in their respective Units and sending the proceedings with the Photographs. A total of **665 villages meetings have been conducted in the year 2019.**

12. Special Courts and Exclusive Special Courts set up for speedy trial of cases under the PoA Act. (Ref: Section 14 of the PoA Act as amended)

Exclusive Special Courts have been established for the quick disposal of cases registered under Scheduled castes/ Scheduled Tribes(Prevention of Atrocities) Act and Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955. The details of existing Exclusive Special Courts are given below:-

Name of the District	Remarks
1. Tiruchirapalli 2. Thanjavur 3. Madurai 4. Tirunelveli	Existing. Orders issued in G.O.(Ms)No.2686, (Home Courts) Dept.Dated 13.11.1981
5. Villupuram 6. Sivagangai	Existing. Orders issued in G.O(Ms)No.793,(Home (Courts) Dept.Dated 7.10.2013
7. Dindigul 8. Ramanathapuram 9. Virudhunagar (Srivilliputhur) 10. Pudukottai	In G.O.(Ms)No.334,(Home (Courts) Dept.Dated 6.4.2017, orders have been issued for the administrative sanction of 16 Exclusive Special Courts in 16 districts in 4 phases from 2016-17 to 2019-2020. Financial sanction has been accorded in the same order for the constitution of these 4 courts and they started functioning from 14.8.2018.
11. Cuddalore 12. Namakkal 13. Theni 14. Thiruvannamalai	In G.O.(Ms)No.1704, Home (Courts) Dept, Dated 3.10.2018 financial sanction was accorded and the 4 courts have started functioning from 30.4.2019
15. Perambalur 16. Vellore 17. Thoothukudi 18. Kanniyakumari at Nagarcoil	In G.O.(Ms)No.502, Home (Courts) Dept. Dated 24.9.2019 financial sanction was accorded and the Courts or expected to start functioning soon.
19. Kancheepuram 20. Tiruppur 21. Tiruvarur 22. Coimbatore	Orders for the financial sanction will be issued shortly.

In all other districts, the existing session courts have been empowered for trial of these cases.

13. Specification of Special Public Prosecutors and Exclusive Public Prosecutors (Ref : Section 15 (1 and 2) of the PoA Act as amended)

Appointment of Special Public Prosecutor and Exclusive Public Prosecutor as per Section-15(1) and (2) of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 and supervision of prosecution and submission of report as per Rule-4 of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules, 1995. Accordingly at present, 32 Special Public Prosecutors are in charge of prosecution in the Special Courts / Designated Courts of all the Districts.

14. Setting up of SC/ST Protection Cells (Ref : Rule 8 of the PoA Rules as amended)

The Social Justice and Human Rights Wing is the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell.

State Level:

The Additional Director General of Police, Deputy Inspector General of Police and the Assistant Inspector General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights, Chennai monitor the enforcement of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 cases and supervise the functioning of the Social Justice and Human Rights Units. The Social Justice and Human Rights Headquarters Office is functioning in the Director General of Police Office Complex, Mylapore, Chennai - 4.

The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 are being enforced by all the Police Stations in Tamil Nadu. In addition, there are 38 posts of Deputy Superintendent of Police sanctioned to monitor the atrocities cases against the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

District Level:

In each District / Commissionerate, one Unit of Social Justice and Human Rights headed by a Deputy Superintendent of Police / Assistant Commissioner of Police with supporting staff is functioning under the direct control of the City Commissioner of Police / District Superintendent of Police. They are supervising the investigation of the cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989. The Social Justice and Human

Rights Units are monitoring the enforcement of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.

15. Special Police Stations set up to investigate offences of atrocities against of members of SC/ST.

There are no Special Police Stations set up to investigate offences against the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in the State. All the local Police stations are empowered to register and investigate the cases with assistance of the Social Justice and Human Rights Unit staff.

16. NonSC/ST Officers punished for wilful neglect of duties (Ref: Section 4 of the PoA Act as amended).

None of the non-Scheduled Castes and non-Scheduled Tribes officers has come to adverse notice so far for his / her wilful negligence of duties.

17. Nodal Officers nominated to co-ordinate functioning of the District Magistrates and Superintendent of Police and other officers, responsible for implementing provisions of the Act.

(Ref: Rule 9 of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended).

In G.O Ms.No.18, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (PA) Department dated 20.01.2003 orders have been issued appointing the Secretary to Government, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department as the Nodal Officer for co-ordinating the functioning of the District Magistrates, Superintendents of Police and other officers authorized for implementing the Protection of Civil Rights Act,1955 and SCs/STs(POA) Act,1989. Monthly review meetings are being conducted with the Additional Director General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights to review the implementation of the Act.

18. Special Officers appointed for identified areas to co-ordinate with the District Magistrate, Superintendent of Police or other officers responsible for implementing the provisions of the Act, various committees and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell (Ref: Rule 10 of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended).

In G.O.(Ms).No.96, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (PA) Department dated 10.08.2006 orders have been issued appointing all the District Collectors as Special Officers for proper implementation of the Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955 and Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989. In Government Letter No. 9685/PA2/ 2015-9, dated:06.03.2017 suitable instructions have been issued to all the District Collectors to discharge their duties as stipulated in Rule 10 of PoA Rules 1995 and send reports to the Government.

19. Implementation of a Plan for effectively implementing provisions of the Act and its notification in the State Gazette (Ref: Rule 15 of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended).

The Model Contingency Plan under Rule 15 of the Scheduled Castes / Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995 and the Amended Rules, 2016 notified in the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette on 01.09.2017 formulated by the Government of Tamil Nadu has been communicated to all Commissioners of Police in Cities and all Superintendents of Police in Districts for necessary action.

20. **Steps taken by State Government/Union Territory Administration by way of:**

- (i) **Sensitisation, Awareness Programmes and publicity.**

Campaign for the prevention of atrocities:

The public are made aware of the evils of atrocities against the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

“Manitha Neyya Vara Vizha” is celebrated in all the districts from 24th to 30th January every year for creating awareness among the people by the Director of Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department. Publicity is given through Villupattu Artists on the evils of untouchability.

Social Justice Meeting:-

All DSPs / ACPs of Social Justice and Human Rights Unit were instructed by the Additional Director General of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights vide message dated 20.02.2019 to visit Atrocity Prone Villages and organize a meeting with all Community Leaders / Members and discuss issues relating to welfare and upliftment of members of SC/ST Communities. They shall also attempt to resolve any standing trivial conflicts among the Communities. Accordingly the DSPs / ACPs are conducting the Awareness Programmes in their respective Units and sending the proceedings with the Photographs. **A total of 665 villages meetings have been conducted in the year 2019.**

(ii) Training Programmes to sensitise police and other officers, in regard to provisions of the Act and the Rules, as amended.

Every month DSPs / ACPs of Social Justice and Human Rights Unit are being sensitized at Head quarter during monthly meeting. In the current year 2019 twice they were sensitized by Tribal Welfare Department and Directorate of Tribal Research Centre on ST issues.

Refresher training courses for Investigating Officers are conducted regularly by the In-Service training centers (all over Tamil Nadu), Police Training College and Tamil Nadu Police Academy and a separate capsule course has been designed for the purpose of creating awareness among Officers with regard to the provisions of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.

(iii) Filing of appeals in superior Courts against acquittals.

During the year 2019, 658 cases have ended in acquittal. Legal opinion is being sought from Public Prosecutor to prefer appeals.

(iv) Recognition of persons / Organizations for having done exemplary work in prevention of atrocities.

Time to time Social Justice and Human Rights Officers are appreciated for their good work done by the Senior Officers. Men and Officers are given each rewards also.

(v) Review of performance of Special Public Prosecutors and Exclusive Special Public Prosecutors.

As stipulated in Rule 4 of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes (PoA) Rules 1995, the District Collector and the Superintendents of Police and Commissioners of Police shall review the performance of the Public Prosecutors every month. Accordingly, instructions have been issued time to time to the Director of prosecution and all the District Collectors to review the performance of Public Prosecutors and furnish the report to the Government.

Annexure-I**LEGAL AID AND OTHER FACILITIES PROVIDED TO PERSONS SUBJECTED TO ATROCITIES TO ENABLE THEM TO AVAIL THEMSELVES OF JUSTICE****(Ref: Section 21{(2)(i)} of the Act)****State** : Tamil Nadu**Total number of Districts** : 37

Sl. No.	District	Number of persons provided legal aid and other facilities								
		Male			Female			Total (Male+Female)		
		SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total
		<p>In the Government letter No.22231/PA2/2005-3, Adi Dravidar & Tribal Welfare Department, Dated 19.10.2005 the Government have informed that the victims of atrocities can avail the free legal aid scheme which is implemented through the Tamilnadu legal services authority.</p> <p>As per G.O. Ms. No.373, Home (Court I) Department, Dated 09.03.1995 the District Collectors/ District Magistrate are empowered to utilize the funds under the head of "Free Legal Aid Scheme" for those who request the Free Legal Aid services. Hence, whenever the victims requesting for free legal aid service are being provided free legal aid service under the above said scheme.</p>								

Annexure -II

**TRAVELLING AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES PAID TO WITNESSES,
INCLUDING THE VICTIMS OF ATROCITIES, DURING INVESTIGATION
AND TRIAL OF OFFENCES UNDER THE ACT**

(Ref: Section 21(2)(ii) of the Act)

State : Tamil Nadu

Total number of Districts : 38 (31 Districts + 7 Commissionerates)

Sl. NO.	Districts	Male			Female			Total		
		SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total
1	Chennai City	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Tiruvallur	4	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
3	Kanchipuram	1	3	4	-	3	3	1	6	7
4	Villupuram	343	49	392	68	30	98	411	79	490
5	Cuddalore	81	-	81	11	-	11	92	-	92
6	Vellore	61	4	65	9	3	12	70	7	77
7	Tiruvannamalai	137	3	140	12	-	12	149	3	152
8	Salem city	4	-	4	4	-	4	8	-	8
9	Salem district	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Namakkal	146	-	146	60	-	60	206	-	206
11	Krishnagiri	59	12	71	17	5	22	76	17	93
12	Dharmapuri	27	2	29	11	3	14	38	5	43
13	Coimbatore city	8	-	8	1	-	1	9	-	9
14	Coimbatore Dist	101	-	101	39	-	39	140	-	140
15	Tiruppur City	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Tiruppur District	75	3	78	26	1	27	101	4	105

Sl. NO.	Districts	Male			Female			Total		
		SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total
17	Erode	57	-	57	8	-	8	65	-	65
18	Nilgiris	28	-	28	21	-	21	49	-	49
19	Trichy city	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Trichy District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Pudukkottai	65	-	65	10	-	10	75	-	75
22	Karur	29	-	29	10	-	10	39	-	39
23	Perambalur	166	-	166	-	19	19	166	19	185
24	Ariyalur	65	-	65	5	-	5	70	-	70
25	Thanjavur	188	-	188	22	-	22	210	-	210
26	Tiruvarur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Nagapattinam	37	-	37	7	-	7	44	-	44
28	Dindigul	8	-	8	6	-	6	14	-	14
29	Theni	2	-	2	2	-	2	4	-	4
30	Madurai city	5	-	5	6	-	6	11	-	11
31	Madurai District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Virudhunagar	215	-	215	65	-	65	280	-	280
33	Ramanathapuram	29	-	-	1	-	1	30	-	1
34	Sivagangai	11	-	11	-	-	-	11	-	11
35	Tirunelveli city	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36	Tirunelveli Dist	2	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3
37	Thoothukudi	5	-	5	4	-	4	9	-	9
38	Kanniyakumari	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total		1959	77	2008	425	64	489	2384	141	2497

REGISTRATION OF CASES AS PER PROVISIONS OF THE AMENDED POA ACT

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Section	Gist of Provision	Number of cases registered for the year 2019
3 (as amended)	Expanded, re-phased and new offences of atrocities under Section 3 of the PoA Act, as amended	1264

Annexure - IV**SPECIFICATION OF APPROPRIATE SCHEME TO ENSURE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RIGHTS AND ENTITLEMENTS OF WITNESSES IN ACCESSING JUSTICE (Ref: Section 15A(11) of the Act)**

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Chapter of the PoA Act as amended	Section	Sub-Section	Gist
IVA	15A	11	Specification of an appropriate scheme to ensure implementation of the rights and entitlement of victims and witnesses in accessing justice as specified in sub-section 11 (a) to (n)
<p>The Rights and entitlements of victims and witnesses in accessing justice as specified in Sub-section (11) of Section 15A of Chapter IVA of the Act are complied with in each case registered under this Act. Accordingly, orders have been issued in G.O.(Ms).No.91, Adi Dravidar and tribal welfare Department, dated 04.09.2020 specifying the scheme for the proper implementation.</p>			

**STEPS TAKEN BY WAY OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL
REHABILITATION OF VICTIMS OF ATROCITIES : RELIEF TO
ATROCITY VICTIMS**

(Ref: Section 21(2)(iii) of the Act read with Rule 12 (4) of the Prevention of Atrocities Rules 1995, as amended)

State : Tamil Nadu
Total number of Districts : 32 Districts

Sl. No.	District	Number of Atrocity victims provided relief for the year 2019								
		Male			Female			Total (Male & Female)		
		SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total	SC	ST	Total
1	Ariyalur	91	0	91	26	0	26	117	0	117
2	Chennai	01	0	01	01	0	01	2	0	2
3	Coimbatore	21	0	21	21	0	21	42	0	42
4	Cuddalore	44	0	44	21	0	21	65	0	65
5	Dharmapuri	6	0	6	1	3	4	7	3	10
6	Dindigul	40	1	41	20	0	20	60	1	61
7	Erode	95	4	99	40	1	41	135	5	140
8	Kancheepuram	16	4	20	14	8	22	30	12	42
9	Kanyakumai	16	8	24	20	0	20	36	8	44
10	Karur	48	2	50	12	0	12	60	2	62
11	Krishnagiri	16	2	18	11	2	13	27	4	31
12	Madurai	43	0	43	33	0	33	76	0	76
13	Nagapattinam	63	0	63	14	0	14	77	0	77
14	Namakkal	47	0	47	31	0	31	78	0	78
15	Nilgiris	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	5	5
16	Perambalur	42	0	42	17	0	17	59	0	59
17	Pudukottai	55	0	55	23	0	23	78	0	78
18	Ramanathapuram	34	0	34	17	0	17	51	0	51
19	Salem	33	0	33	11	0	11	44	0	44
20	Sivagangai	189	0	189	83	0	83	272	0	272
21	Thanjavur	133	0	133	38	0	38	171	0	171
22	Theni	55	2	57	33	1	34	88	3	91
23	Trichy	13	0	13	11	1	12	24	1	25
24	Tirunelveli	59	0	59	29	0	29	88	0	88
25	Tiruppur	17	0	17	9	0	9	26	0	26
26	Tiruvallur	9	0	9	4	0	4	13	0	13
27	Thiruvannamalai	63	0	63	66	0	66	129	0	129
28	Tiruvarur	108	0	108	29	0	29	137	0	137
29	Thoothukudi	105	0	105	40	0	40	145	0	145
30	Vellore	29	1	30	33	9	42	62	10	72
31	Villupuram	114	5	119	70	6	76	184	11	195
32	Virudhunagar	53	0	53	29	0	29	82	0	82
	Total	1658	34	1692	807	31	838	2456	65	2530

Annexure-VI**INVESTIGATION AND FILLING OF THE CHARGE SHEET WITHIN SIXTY DAYS**

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Rule	Gist of Provision	Action taken	
		Number of cases in which investigation and filing of the charge sheet was done in the year 2019:-	
7(2)	Completion of investigation and filling of charge sheet of the PoA related cases in the Special Court / Exclusive Special Court within a period of sixty day	Within sixty days	Later than sixty days
		253	606 (Investigating Officers have explained to the concerned Court on delay due to technical reasons.)

Relief and rehabilitation of victims of atrocities

(Ref: Section 21(2)(iii) of the Act read with Rule 12(4) and Rule 12(4A) of the PoA Rules, 1995 as amended)

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Rule	Gist of Provision	Action Taken	
		Number of cases in which the relief amount was paid to concerned person(s) within:	
12(4)	Provisions of relief to the concerned within seven days as per 'Minimum amount of relief' specified in Annexure-I of the PoA Rules as amended.	Seven days	Later than seven days
		146	634
12 (4)(A)	Authorization by the State Government / UT Administration to the District Magistrate for immediate withdrawal of money from the treasury so as to timely provide relief amount.	<p>Authorization Done.</p> <p>At the beginning of the Financial year necessary provisions are being made in the Budget Estimate in respect of relief measures meant for victims of Atrocities. Subsequently, orders will be issued by the Director of Adi Dravidar Welfare apportioning the amount to all the District Collectors as per the proposals.</p>	

Annexure-VIII

**OFFICERS APPOINTED FOR INITIATING OR EXERCISING
SUPERVISION OVER PROSECUTIONS FOR CONTRAVENTION OF
THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT: SETTING UP OF SC/ST
PROTECTION CELL**

(Ref: Section 21 (2)(iv) of the Act read with Rule 8 of Prevention of Atrocities
Rules, 1995)

State : Tamil Nadu

Composition of the Cell	Activity of the Cell	Number
<p>The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell has not been set up in Tamil Nadu. However, the Social Justice and Human Rights Wing is acting as the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell.</p> <p>One Additional Director General of Police, One Assistant Inspector General of Police, 38 Deputy Superintendents of Police, 31 Statistical Inspectors are monitoring the cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.</p>	Surveys of identified areas conducted	Regular Survey is done by the Unit officials and Statistical Inspectors to find out atrocity prone villages (in 2019, 322 atrocities prone villages were listed).
	Investigations done about the probable causes leading to an offence under the Act.	Deputy Superintendents of Police and Assistant Commissioners of Police of Districts / Cities are investigating cases and Officers from Social Justice and Human Rights unit are monitoring progresses and reviewing the cases.
	Enquiries made about the investigation and spot inspections conducted by various officers.	
	Enquiries made about the wilful negligence by a public servant.	Monthly review is being conducted regularly.
Reviews conducted to assess the position of cases registered under the Act		

Annexure -IX**CONSTITUTION, FREQUENCY OF CONDUCT OF THE MEETINGS OF STATE, DISTRICT AND SUB-DIVISIONAL LEVEL VIGILANCE AND MONITORING COMMITTEES**

(Ref: Section 21(2)(v) of PoA Act read with Rule 16, 17 and 17A of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended)

State : Tamil Nadu
Year : 2019

A. State Level Committee:

- (a) Whether constituted : Yes.
 (b) Number of meetings held in a calendar year : Nil
 (c) Important Decisions taken in the meeting(s) :

B. District Level Committees:

District Level Committee			
Sl. No.	District	Date of last constitution of the District Level Committee	Number of meetings held during the year ended 2018
1	Ariyalur	22.08.2019	1
2	Chennai	03.10.2019	2
3	Coimbatore	-	-
4	Cuddalore	30.07.2019	2
5	Dharmapuri	25.06.2019	2
6	Dindigul	24.09.2019	3
7	Erode	12.09.2019	1
8	Kancheepuram	-	-
9	Kanyakumai	25.10.2019	2
10	Karur	13.06.2019	1
11	Krishnagiri	25.09.2019	2
12	Madurai	02.08.2019	1
13	Nagapattinam	02.08.2019	2
14	Namakkal	05.10.2019	2
15	Nilgiris	25.06.2019	1
16	Perambalur	18.09.2019	2
17	Pudukottai	30.09.2019	2
18	Ramanathapuram	28.08.2019	1
19	Salem	10.10.2019	2
20	Sivagangai	04.10.2019	3
21	Thanjavur	25.09.2019	2

22	Theni	30.09.2019	2
23	Trichy	09.10.2019	1
24	Tirunelveli	05.09.2019	1
25	Tiruppur	-	-
26	Tiruvallur	02.07.2019 17.09.2019	2
27	Thiruvannamalai	-	-
28	Tiruvarur	30.09.2019	3
29	Thoothukudi	04.10.2019	2
30	Vellore	-	-
31	Villupuram	05.07.2019	1
32	Virudhunagar	03.10.2019	2

C. Sub - Divisional Level Committees (SDVMC)

Sl. No.	District	Date of last constitution of the SDVMC	Number of meetings held during the year
1	Ariyalur	-	-
2	Chennai	-	-
3	Coimbatore	-	-
4	Cuddalore	-	-
5	Dharmapuri	-	-
6	Dindigul	30.09.2019	3
7	Erode	13.07.2019	2
8	Kancheepuram	22.02.2019	1
9	Kanyakumari	-	-
10	Karur	10.07.2019	2
11	Krishnagiri	-	-
12	Madurai	07.01.2019	1
13	Nagapattinam	-	-
14	Namakkal	-	-
15	Nilgiris	-	-
16	Perambalur	-	-
17	Pudukottai	-	-
18	Ramanathapuram	-	-
19	Salem	12.09.2019	9
20	Sivagangai	-	-
21	Thanjavur	-	-
22	Theni	-	-
23	Trichy	12.07.2019	1
24	Tirunelveli	-	-
25	Tiruppur	-	-
26	Tiruvallur	-	-
27	Thiruvannamalai	-	-
28	Tiruvarur	03.09.2019	3
29	Thoothukudi	-	-
30	Vellore	-	-
31	Villupuram	-	-
32	Virudhunagar	-	-

Annexure-X

PERIODIC SURVEY CONDUCTED ON THE WORKING OF THE PROVISIONS
OF THE ACT
 (Ref: Section 21 (2) (vi) of the Act)

State : TAMIL NADU

Total Number of Districts/ Cities : 38 (31 Districts + 7 Commissionerates)

Sl.No.	Where periodic surveys were conducted	
	District	Number of surveys conducted
	(i) To identify atrocities Prone Villages	
	(ii) To identify infrastructural requirements in Atrocities Prone Areas	
	Total	

**AREAS IDENTIFIED WHERE MEMBERS OF SCs AND STs ARE
LIKELY
TO BE SUBJECTED TO ATROCITIES AND MEASURES ADOPTED TO
ENSURE THEIR SAFETY**

(Ref: Section 21 (2) (vii) of the Act)

State/UT : Tamil Nadu

Total Number of Districts : 38 (31 Districts + 7 Commissionerates)

Sl. No.	Total no. of Districts and Commissionerates	Specific areas within District, identified as 'atrocities-prone' areas.	Measures taken for the removal of such disability in such areas
	31 Districts and 7 Commissionerates	<p>In 31 districts, 301 villages have been identified as 'atrocities-prone'.</p> <p>In 7 commissionerates, 21 villages have been identified as 'atrocities-prone'.</p>	<p>The villages are surveyed by the Staff of Social Justice and Human Rights Units in the districts and developments if any are brought to the notice of Superintendent of Police and Collector for taking precautionary and preventive measures to avoid any untoward incidents/ clashes between the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and Non Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Fortnightly Social Justice meeting are also conducted by Deputy Superintendents of Police, Social Justice and Human Rights periodically to prevent atrocities against SC/ST.</p>

Annexure-XII**SPECIAL COURTS AND EXCLUSIVE SPECIAL COURTS SET UP FOR
SPEEDY TRIAL OF CASES UNDER THE PoA ACT**

(Ref : Section 14 of the PoA Act as amended)

State

: Tamil Nadu

Exclusive Special Courts have been established for the quick disposal of cases registered under Scheduled castes/ Scheduled Tribes(Prevention of Atrocities) Act and Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955. The details of existing Exclusive Special Courts are given below:-

Name of the District	Remarks
1. Tiruchirapalli 2. Thanjavur 3. Madurai 4. Tirunelveli	Existing. Orders issued in G.O.(Ms)No.2686, (Home Courts) Dept.Dated 13.11.1981
5. Villupuram 6. Sivagangai	Existing. Orders issued in G.O(Ms)No.793,(Home Courts) Dept.Dated 7.10.2013
7. Dindigul 8. Ramanathapuram 9. Virudhunagar (Srivilliputhur) 10. Pudukottai	In G.O.(Ms)No.334,(Home Courts) Dept.Dated 6.4.2017, orders have been issued for the administrative sanction of 16 Exclusive Special Courts in 16 districts in 4 phases from 2016-17 to 2019-2020. Financial sanction has been accorded in the same order for the constitution of these 4 courts and they started functioning from 14.8.2018.
11. Cuddalore 12. Namakkal 13. Theni 14. Thiruvannamalai	In G.O.(Ms)No.1704, Home (Courts) Dept, Dated 3.10.2018 financial sanction was accorded and the 4 courts have started functioning from 30.4.2019
15. Perambalur 16. Vellore 17. Thoothukudi 18. Kanniyakumari at Nagarcoil	In G.O.(Ms)No.502, Home (Courts) Dept. Dated 24.9.2019 financial sanction was accorded and the Courts or expected to start functioning soon.
19. Kancheepuram 20. Tiruppur 21. Tiruvarur 22. Coimbatore	Orders for the financial sanction will be issued shortly.

In all other districts, the existing session courts have been empowered for trial of these cases.

SPECIFICATION OF SPECIAL PUBLIC PROSECUTORS AND EXCLUSIVE SPECIAL PUBLIC PROSECUTORS (Ref : Section 15 (1) and (2) of the PoA act as amended)

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Number of :		Number of :	
Special Courts in the State / UT	Special Public Prosecutors specified for conducting cases in the Special Courts	Exclusive Special Courts in the State / UT	Exclusive Special Public Prosecutors specified for conducting cases in Exclusive Special Prosecutors
32 Special Public Prosecutors have been appointed to conduct trial.			

Annexure-XIV**SETTING UP OF SC/ST PROTECTION CELL** (Ref: rule 8 of the PoA Rules as amended)

State / UT : Tamil Nadu

Whether the SC/ST Protection Cell has been set up	Whether the SC/ST Cell is discharging all the responsibility specified in Rule 8 of the PoA Rule	Whether additional responsibility has been entrusted to SC/ST Protection Cell which is other than that specified under Rule 8
The Social Justice and Human Rights Wing is acting as the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell.		

**SPECIAL POLICE STATIONS SET UP TO INVESTIGATE OFFENCES
AGAINST MEMBERS OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED
TRIBES**

State : Tamil Nadu

Total number of Districts : 38 (31 Districts + 7 Commissionerates)

Sl. No.	District where special police station has been set up		District where special police station has not been set up
	Name of the District	Number of Special Police Station	
	All Law and Order Police stations in the State are empowered to register cases under SCs/STs (PoA) Act, 1989.		

Annexure -XVI**NON-SC/ST OFFICERS PUNISHED FOR WILFUL NEGLECT OF DUTIES****(Ref: Section 4 of Act as amended)**

State/UT : Tamil Nadu

Number of officers punished for first offence under Section 4 of the PoA Act as amended	Number of officers punished for second and subsequent offence under section 5 of the PoA Act
None has been punished	

**NODAL OFFICERS NOMINATED TO CO-ORDINATE FUNCTIONING OF
THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATES AND SUPERINTENDENTS OF POLICE
AND OTHER OFFICERS, RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING
PROVISIONS OF THE ACT.**

(Ref: Rule 9 of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended)

State/UT : Tamil Nadu

(i) Whether quarterly progress report received from the SC/ST Protection Cells:

The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell has not been set up in Tamil Nadu. However, the Social Justice and Human Rights wing is acting as the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Protection Cell. The Daily situation report on the registration of cases under the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989 are being received by the Government daily. The quarterly reports are also received by the Government from the above said wing.

(ii) Whether the review was undertaken of the reports mentioned above:

Yes – In G.O (MS) No. 18, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (PA) Department, dated 20.01.2003 orders have been issued appointing the Secretary to Government, Adi Dravidar and Tribal Welfare Department, as the Nodal Officer for co-ordinating the functioning of the District Magistrates and Superintendents of Police and other Officers authorized for implementing the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (POA) Act, 1989. The Quarterly reports received by the Govt. are being reviewed both in the Monthly review Meeting Conducted by the Nodal Officer and in the Law and Order Meeting Conducted by the Govt.

Annexure-XVIII

SPECIAL OFFICERS APPOINTED FOR IDENTIFIED AREAS TO CO-ORDINATE WITH THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, SUPERINTENDENTS OF POLICE OR OTHER OFFICERS RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, VARIOUS COMMITTEES AND THE SCHEDULED CASTES AND THE SCHEDULED TRIBES PROTECTION CELL

(Ref: Rule 10 of PoA Rules, 1995 as amended)

State : Tamil Nadu

Total number of Districts : 38 (31 Districts + 7 Commissionerates)

Sl. NO.	Identified District	Whether Special Officer appointed (Yes/No)	Designation of the Special Officers
	All Districts	<p>YES.</p> <p>In G.O (MS).No.96, Adi-Dravidar and Tribal Welfare (PA) Department dated 10.8.2006, orders have been issued for the appointment of all Collectors in their respective districts as Special Officers for proper implementation of the provisions of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.</p>	District Magistrates / District Collectors.
	Number of Districts:	Total Number :	

Annexure -XIX**IMPLEMENTATION OF A PLAN PREPARED FOR EFFECTIVELY IMPLEMENTING PROVISIONS OF THE ACT AND ITS NOTIFICATION IN THE STATE GAZETTE.**

(Ref: Rule 15 of PoA Rules, 1995)

State/UT

: Tamil Nadu

1. Whether contingency plan has been formulated (Yes/No)	Yes. Contingency Plan has been formulated and notified in Tamil Nadu Government Gazette 281, Dated.01.9.2017.
2. If yes, please describe its gist, and also attach its copy as required under Rule 15(2) of the PoA Rules, as amended.	Copy enclosed.

Annexure - XXSTEPS TAKEN BY STATE GOVERNMENT/UNION TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION

State/UT : Tamil Nadu

Number of Publicity/Awareness Programmes Conducted	Number of Officers sensitized, amongst:	
	Police	Others
Awareness Programmes Training Programme on Sensitization of PROTECTION OF CIVIL RIGHTS Act,1955 and the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989	(i) Refresher training courses for Investigating Officers are conducted regularly by In-Service training class (all over Tamil Nadu), Police Training College and Tamil Nadu Police Academy and a separate capsule course has been designed for the purpose of creating awareness among officers with regard to the provisions of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989. (ii) Social Justice and Human Rights Head quarter conducted training to sensitized the Officer to understand Tribal affairs. (iii) Monthly meeting is conducted to sensitized the Officers.	The Communal harmony week has been conducted in the last week of January, 2019. In this year, budget has been allocated to the concerned District Authorities and they have conducted the communal harmony week in the Atrocity Prone Villages along with the Police Officers.

Annexure -XXIAPPEALS FILED IN SUPERIOR COURTS IN CASES WHICH ENDED IN ACQUITTAL

State/UT : Tamil Nadu

Number of cases which ended in acquittal	Number of cases in which appeals filed in superior courts against acquittal
During the year 2019, 658 cases ended in acquittal.	Legal opinion is being sought to prefer appeal against the acquittal.

Annexure -XXII

**ACTION TAKEN TO RECOGNIZE/REWARD PERSONS/ORGANIZATIONS WHO
HAVE DONE EXEMPLARY WORK IN PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES AND
REMOVAL OF UNTOUCHABILITY**

Sl.No.	Name of persons rewarded	Work Done	Name of Organization rewarded	Work Done
1.	Dr.Ambedkar Award	Social Work for the upliftment of Scheduled caste people	Dr. K. Arjunan	1. Constitution of SFRD organisation for SC/STs Training and Employment 2. Central Government Mahatma Gandhi Puraskar Award / Glory of India Award / Rajiv Gandhi Shiromani Award from GOI. 3. Financial help to the SC/STs Students

Annexure -XXIII**Review of performance of Public Prosecutors****(Ref: Rule 4(2 and 3) of the PoA Rules as amended)**

State/UT

: Tamil Nadu

Sl. No.	District	Name of the Spl.P.P Tmt/Selvi
1	Ariyalur	M. Thiurvasan
2	Chennai	V.S. Narayanarao
3	Coimbatore	S. Marimuthu
4	Cuddalore	M. Arumugam
5	Dharmapuri	M. Mohan
6	Dindigul	C. Manickam
7	Erode	VACANT
8	Kancheepuram	K. Devaraj
9	Kanyakumari	Thiru. C. Suresh Babu
10	Karur	B. Ravichandran
11	Krishnagiri	M. Babu
12	Madurai	A. Kalyana Sundaram and S. Arivudainambi
13	Nagapattinam	R.Vinoth Nayak
14	Namakkal	P. Madeswaran
15	Nilgiris	S. Karuppusamy
16	Perambalur	K.Kathir.Kanagaraaj
17	Pudukottai	M.Nallan Asaithambi
18	Ramanathapuram	S. Kamaraju
19	Salem	E. Saravanan
20	Sivagangai	N. Sureshkumar
21	Thanjavur	R. Sathishkumar
22	Theni	S. Thangadurai
23	Trichy	M. Rathinam
24	Tirunelveli	D. Rajaprabaharan
25	Tiruppur	S. Ruban
26	Tiruvallur	R. Vijayan
27	Thiruvannamalai	M. Dinakaran
28	Tiruvarur	P.J. Archunan
29	Thoothukudi	S. Bagathsingh
30	Vellore	VACANT
31	Villupuram	R. Sundaramurthy
32	Virudhunagar	G. Kanagaraaj
TOTAL NUMBER		30

ii) NAMES OF EXCLUSIVE SPECIAL PUBLIC PROSECUTOR CHANGED FOR NOT PLEADING THE POA ACT RELATED CASES EFFECTIVELY

Sl.No.	Name of the District	Name of the Spl.P.P Tmt/Selvi
1.	Erode	Senthil Kumar
2.	Tirunelveli	S.Bagath singh
Total Number		2

**OTEM DAI,
ADDITIONAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT**

//True Copy//

S. Unawshewar
Section Officer.